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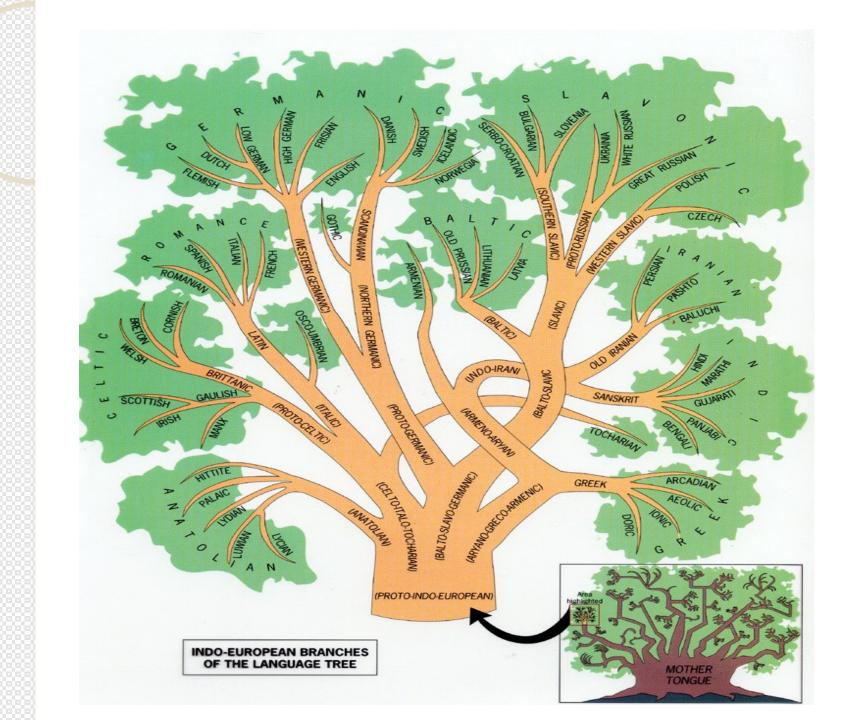
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Language Family

IndoEuropean

- BaltoSlavic
 - Baltic
 - Eastern
 - Latvian
 - Lithuanian (not mutually intelligible now around 9th–15th cent. they have been dialects of one lge)
 - (+Old Prussian a dead lge)

Inflective language with analytical forms, SVO







Latvian

- Native speakers ~1.5 million (Latvia 64 000 m²)
- Until the 19th cent., heavily influenced by German (the writing system)
- In very beginning of the 20th cent., the modern orthography was developed
- aābcčdeēfgģhiījkķlļmnņoprsštuūvzž

Nouns

- 2 genders + common gender (e.g. bende (executioner), pļāpa (chatterbox))
- Sg/Pl
- 6 declensions
- 7 cases
- Consonant mutation is very characteristic
- Some nouns are not inflective
- Reflective nouns can be formed, they are partly inflected
- Diminutive can be formed with multitude of suffixes/endings (e.g. meita (daughter) – meituks, meitēns, meitina, meitucis, meitucītis, meitukinš etc.)



Verbs

- 3 conjugations
- 3 irregular verbs
- 6 tenses
- Active/passive voice
- 5 moods
- Agree with the noun (P, N)
- Compound tenses agree with the noun (pronoun) also in gender
- Consonant and vowel changes in the root
- Reflexive verbs
- Simple/continuous aspect a suffix
- Negation everything is negated:



Adjectives

- Agree with Noun (G, N, C) + degrees of comparison
- Express the definiteness of nouns



Pronouns

- 3 types noun equivalents, adjective equivalents and numeral equivalents
- 9 groups
- All inflective (N, G, C)
- Also express the definiteness of the noun

Participles & Numerals

- 6 participles
- Ordinal and cardinal numerals
- Both inflective and non-inflective
- The inflective ones behave as adjectives (agree with the noun in N, C, G, def./indef.)



Adverbs

Non-inflective

Have degrees of comparison



- Foods
- Partial test lexicon
- Regular nouns, some exceptions
- Adjectives
- This week verbs, etc.
- How to put it all together... 🖗



Thank you!